Report on Examination of Basic Financial Statements and Additional Information Year Ended June 30, 2015

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Year Ended June 30, 2015

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## ROSELLI, CLARK & ASSOCIATES CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Selectmen Town of Templeton, Massachusetts

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Templeton, Massachusetts, (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, (except for the Templeton Municipal Light Department, (the "Light Department" or "TMLD") which is as of December 31, 2014). We did not audit the financial statements of the Light Department which represented 46% and 77% of the assets and revenues of the combined enterprise funds; or the Water Department which represented 24% and 14% of the assets and revenues of the combined enterprise funds. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to those amounts is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Basis for Qualified Opinions on the Governmental Statement of Net Position, Statement of Activities, and Sewer Major Enterprise Fund

With respect to the Governmental Statement of Net Position, Statement of Activities and Sewer Major Enterprise Fund, management of the Town of Templeton has not adopted GASB 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), and accordingly has not reported the related liability and expense on the government-wide financial statements or in the Sewer Major Enterprise Fund. In addition the required supplementary information, Schedule of Funding Progress has not been included in these financial statements. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the OPEB liability be reported which would increase liabilities and expenses and decrease net position in the Government-Wide and Sewer Major Enterprise Fund financial statements. The amount by which this departure would affect these financial statements is not reasonably determined.

#### **Qualified Opinions**

In our opinion, except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinions on the Governmental Statement of Net Position, Statement of Activities, and Sewer Major Enterprise Fund paragraphs above, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of June 30, 2015 (except for the TMLD, which is as of December 31, 2014) and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, the funding and contribution progress for pension benefits and other postemployment benefits information and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context.

As previously discussed, funding and contribution progress for other post-employment benefits has not been presented because it is not available. With respect to the remaining required supplementary information, we have applied certain limited procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required By Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 23, 2017 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal

control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Roselli Clark & associated

Roselli, Clark and Associates Certified Public Accountants Woburn, Massachusetts 01801 March 23, 2017

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As the management of the Town of Templeton, Massachusetts (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with their review of the basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements and required supplementary information.

#### Financial Highlights

- As disclosed in the Note IV to the financial statements, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, during the fiscal year 2015. The impact to the beginning balances as a result of this implementation was to reduce Governmental activities by over \$6.5 million, Business-type activities and Enterprise Funds by almost \$1.7 million.
- Notwithstanding the impact of this prior period adjustment, Governmental Activities increased by almost \$2.5 million and Business-type activities increased by over \$0.5 million.
- The Town's total general obligation bond and notes payable debt decreased by almost \$1.3 million in fiscal year 2015 to approximately \$11.0 million. This decrease was due to the normal, scheduled repayment of long-term general obligations. The Town did not issue any new long-term debt during fiscal year 2015.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds balance sheet reported a combined ending fund balance surplus of nearly \$4.5 million, an increase of approximately \$1.9 million over the prior year. Over \$0.8 million in deficits in the general fund were offset by undesignated fund balance of almost \$1.5 million in surplus; in addition the School Capital Project funds maintained a minor unassigned deficit; Community Preservation was consistent at almost \$1.0 million unrestricted. All other amounts were earmarked for expenditures.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and

expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation pay).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, highways and streets, regionalized education, health and human services, culture and recreation, fringe benefits and debt service. The business-type activities of the Town include sewer, water and electric light enterprise funds.

Fund Financial Statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Accounting guidelines distinguish fund balance between amounts that are considered nonspendable, such as fund balance associated with inventories, and other amounts that are classified based on the relative strength of the constraints that control the purposes for which specific amounts can be spent. Beginning with the most binding constraints, fund balance amounts will be reported in the following classifications:

- Restricted—amounts constrained by external parties, constitutional provision, or enabling legislation.
- Committed—amounts constrained by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority.
- Assigned—amounts a government intends to use for a particular purpose.
- Unassigned—amounts that are not constrained at all will be reported in the general fund or in other major funds if negative.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Community Preservation Fund, Community Development Fund and School Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. This schedule has been prepared as required supplementary information and can be found along with the corresponding notes in this report.

**Proprietary Funds** – Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for enterprise funds of the sewer, water and electric light activities.

*Fiduciary Funds* – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information — In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other postemployment benefits to its employees as well as the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual — General Fund.

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The condensed statement of net position is as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Assets							
Currrent and other assets	\$ 6,591,869	\$ 5,709,006	\$ 7,238,665	\$ 7,521,916	\$ 13,830,534	\$ 13,230,922	
Capital assets, net	12,281,719	11,097,239	25,176,491	25,771,265	37,458,210	36,868,504	
Total Assets	18,873,588	16,806,245	32,415,156	33,293,181	51,288,744	50,099,426	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Pensions	4,032	_	1,041		5,073		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,032		1,041		5,073	-	
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Long-term liabilities	8,238,365	1,620,081	12,426,568	11,778,284	20,664,933	13,398,365	
Other liabilities	476,232	956,784	1,467,379	1,829,082	1,943,611	2,785,866	
Total Liabilities	8,714,597	2,576,865	13,893,947	13,607,366	22,608,544	16,184,231	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Electric light			1,485,264	1,386,212	1,485,264	1,386,212	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	11,084,307	9,718,013	15,495,102	15,039,272	26,579,409	24,757,285	
Restricted	3,464,070	2,427,360	938,306	961,528	4,402,376	3,388,888	
Unrestricted	(4,385,354)	2,084,007	603,578	2,298,803	(3,781,776)	4,382,810	
Total Net Position	\$ 10,163,023	\$ 14,229,380	\$ 17,036,986	\$ 18,299,603	\$ 27,200,009	\$ 32,528,983	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Town's total net position increased over \$2.9 million after reflecting the impact of the prior period adjustment previously discussed. This consisted of an increase to governmental activities by almost \$2.5 million and business-type activities by over \$0.4 million.

By far the largest portion of the Town's overall net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt (netted down by those amounts expected to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth) used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional significant portion of the Town's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position is reported as a deficit of approximately \$3.8 million due to the recognition of net pension liabilities of approximately \$8.2 million recorded in 2015 due to the implementation of GASB 68.

The condensed statement of changes in net position is as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tal
	June 30,					
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,079,507	\$ 886,497	\$ 10,007,666	\$ 9,647,210	\$ 11,087,173	\$ 10,533,707
Operating grants and contributions	1,096,227	431,151	88,284	21,148	1,184,511	452,299
Capital grants and contributions	1,880,183	873,343	132,803	140,068	2,012,986	1,013,411
General revenues:						
Property taxes	9,203,486	8,813,599	-	-	9,203,486	8,813,599
Intergovernmental	1,307,157	1,351,479	-	-	1,307,157	1,351,479
Other	576,420	1,012,959	10,779	12,886	587,199	1,025,845
Total revenues	15,142,980	13,369,028	10,239,532	9,821,312	25,382,512	23,190,340
Expenses						
General government	1,720,537	2,199,375	-	-	1,720,537	2,199,375
Public safety	2,226,035	2,188,300	-	-	2,226,035	2,188,300
Education	6,147,829	5,988,393	-	-	6,147,829	5,988,393
Public works	1,467,375	901,020	-	-	1,467,375	901,020
Health and human services	434,007	401,124	-	-	434,007	401,124
Culture and recreation	259,983	335,632	-	_	259,983	335,632
Debt service	24,270	46,882	-	_	24,270	46,882
Sewer services	-	-	1,583,918	1,547,920	1,583,918	1,547,920
Water services	-	-	1,292,249	1,153,284	1,292,249	1,153,284
Electric Light services			7,288,573	7,319,732	7,288,573	7,319,732
Total expenses	12,280,036	12,060,726	10,164,740	10,020,936	22,444,776	22,081,662
Change in net position	2,479,982	1,000,226	427,253	108,452	2,907,235	1,108,678
Net position, beginning of year	14,229,380	13,229,154	18,299,603	18,191,151	32,528,983	31,420,305
Restatement for net pension liability	(6,546,339)	-	(1,689,870)	-	(8,236,209)	-
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	7,683,041	13,229,154	16,609,733	18,191,151	24,292,774	31,420,305
Net position, end of year	\$ 10,163,023	\$ 14,229,380	\$ 17,036,986	\$ 18,299,603	\$ 27,200,009	\$ 32,528,983

Governmental Activities – The town relies to a significant extent on property taxes, which, during 2015, made up approximately 60.8% of total revenues. The increase in amount from year to year is due to new growth, swings in debt exclusion and an increase for the statutory allowable increase of 2 ½% over the prior year levy limit; thus property taxes met expectations. The increase in capital grants and contributions is due to a large reimbursement under the Chapter 90 State road repair and construction reimbursement program; this exceeded \$1.0 million in the current year. The large reduction in other revenues is due to a loss on the sale of capital assets in excess of \$0.5 million being offset against the normal other revenue amounts of about \$1.1 million. No other revenues were greater than 10% of total revenues in 2015 and 2014.

Major expenditures were for education which continues to be an area that the Town devotes significant resources too. Education represents 50.1% of total fiscal year 2015 expenses; these amounts were consistent with the prior year and the minor increase is due to increases required to meet State net school spending amounts. Public safety represents 18.1% of total expenditures which is consistent with prior year. Public works represents 11.9% of total expenditures which is up approximately \$500,000 from prior year; this is due mainly to seasonal weather patterns reaching historical levels. General government expenditures represent 14.0% of total expenditures and are down almost \$0.5 million from the prior year mostly due to the work related to the community preservation projects nearing completion that were started in prior year. No other expense types were greater than 10% of total expenses in fiscal year 2015 and 2014.

Business-Type Activities – User charges for sewer, water and electric light services represent virtually all of the reported fiscal year 2015 revenues in the Town's business-type activities. In fiscal year 2015, both the Town's electric light enterprise and water enterprise reported positive results from operations; the Town's sewer enterprise reported a loss from operations and requires annual debt subsidies from the general fund to balance annual operations. Total net position was consistent with the prior year

#### **Government Funds Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds balance sheet reported a combined ending fund balance of approximately \$4.5 million. This represents an increase of \$1.8 million over the prior year. The increase is primarily a result of actual revenues significantly exceeding projected revenues. The Town, for the first time, assigned the majority of its tax title and this resulted in collecting back taxes and penalties of over \$0.5 million. In addition, all other local receipts were well ahead of forecasts. The majority of this balance is restricted or committed in the various governmental funds, the most of which is in the combined nonmajor funds and the Community Preservation Fund.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was just under \$0.7 million, while total general fund balance reached just under \$1.0 million. As a measure of the general fund liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 6.1% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 8.8% of that same amount.

**Proprietary Funds** – The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. At the end of the year, net position of the sewer, water and electric funds were approximately \$5.1, \$2.0 and \$9.5 million respectively.

*Fiduciary Fund* – The Town's fiduciary fund is comprised of the Electric Department's OPEB trust fund, Private Purpose Trust Funds and agency funds.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were not significant.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets –The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015 amounts to approximately \$37.5 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment and reflects an increase of approximately \$0.7 million. This increase was a result of current year capital additions exceeding depreciation.

The Town has begun the feasibility study for a brand new elementary school. The project is expected to approximate \$48 million.

Additional information on the Town capital assets can be found in Note II, Section D of this report.

**Long-Term Debt** – The Town's total general obligation bond and notes payable debt decreased by almost \$1.3 million in fiscal year 2015 to approximately \$11.0 million. This decrease was due to the normal, scheduled repayment of long-term general obligations. The Town did not issue any new long-term debt during fiscal year 2015. The Town anticipates issuing a significant level of debt in connection with new elementary school discussed above.

The Town also holds a proportionate share of debt of other governmental units that provide services within the Town's boundaries. Debt service from such arrangements is assessed annually to the Town. Additional information on the Town's debt can be found in Note II, Sections F and G of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The Town's real estate tax base is made up predominantly of residential taxes, which in 2015 were approximately 88.6% of the entire levy. In addition, Chapter 580 of the Acts of 1980, more commonly referred to as Proposition 2 ½, limits the Town's ability to increase taxes in any one year by more than 2 ½% of the previous year's tax levy. The Town typically taxes at or near its levy limit annually.
- Consistent with both State and National indices, the Town's housing market experienced a downward trend from 2005 to 2010. However unlike the majority of the Commonwealth, which has seen a resurgence, housing prices in the region have not recovered at the same pace.
- Inflationary trends in the region are consistent with state and national indices.
- The Town's median household income is significantly less than the state-wide and national averages.

The above items were considered when the Town accepted its budget for fiscal year 2016 at the May 2015 Town Meeting. The Town set its fiscal year 2016 tax rate on December 15, 2015.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Town Accountant, Town Hall, 160 Patriots Road, East Templeton, Massachusetts 01438.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

		overnmental		siness-Type		Tr.4-1
		Activities		Activities		Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,011,372	\$	3,593,915	\$	7,605,287
Investments	Ψ	318,277	Ψ.	-	•	318,277
Receivables, net:		510,277				220,277
Property taxes		562,183		_		562,183
User fees		502,105		1,359,402		1,359,402
Departmental and other		1,179,890		1,555,102		1,179,890
Intergovernmental		351,574		336,977		688,551
Apportioned assessments		551,574		255,193		255,193
Working capital deposit		_		655,488		655,488
<u> </u>		_		166,978		166,978
Prepaid expenses		_		175,934		175,934
Materials and supplies Internal balances		120,838		(120,838)		175,551
		47,735		815,616		863,351
Other assets		935,838		189,178		1,125,016
Land		1,525,364		164,219		1,689,583
Construction in-process  Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		9,820,517		24,823,094		34,643,611
Total Assets		18,873,588		32,415,156		51,288,744
Total Assets		18,875,588		32,413,130		31,200,744
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred pensions		4,032		1,041		5,073
Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,032		1,041		5,073
<del>2 0.00</del>	****			-		
Liabilities						
Warrants and accounts payable		446,764		971,706		1,418,470
Customer and advanced deposits		-		33,186		33,186
Accrued interest		-		116,056		116,056
Other liabilities		29,468		346,431		375,899
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		258,225		1,156,518		1,414,743
Due in more than one year		7,980,140		11,270,050		19,250,190
Total Liabilities		8,714,597		13,893,947		22,608,544
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - rate stabilization reserve		_		566,211		566,211
Unavailable revenue - other		_		919,053		919,053
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-			1,485,264		1,485,264
Deletted limows of Resources	-			1,100,201		1,100,201
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		11,084,307		15,495,102		26,579,409
Restricted:						
Nonexpendable permanent funds		323,328		-		323,328
Expendable permanent funds		193,798		-		193,798
Capital projects		372,730		-		372,730
Community preservation		978,462		-		978,462
Gifts and donations		609,845		-		609,845
Other purposes		985,907		938,306		1,924,213
Unrestricted		(4,385,354)		603,578		(3,781,776)
Total Net Position	\$	10,163,023	\$	17,036,986	\$	27,200,009
* **** * * - * * - * - * * - * * * *						

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Town of Templeton, Massachusetts

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

# TOWN OF TEMPLETON, MASSACHUSETTS

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			Program Revenues		Net (Expenses)	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	s in Net Position	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
inment:								
ital activities: overnment	\$ 1.720.537	\$ 414.134	\$ 2.184	\$ 201.513	\$ (1.102.706)		\$ (1.102.706)	
e de la companya de l	, ,		48					
ci,	6.147.829	101		175.644	(5.972,185)		(5.972.185)	
rks	1,467,375	49,181	•	1,155,026	(263,168)		(263,168)	
d human services	434,007	175,990	260,013	348,000	349,996		349,996	
nd recreation	259,983		346,320		86,337		86,337	
tpense	24,270	1			(24,270)		(24,270)	
overnmental activities	12,280,036	1,079,507	1,096,227	1,880,183	(8,224,119)		(8,224,119)	
ype activities:	1.583.918	965.658	33.599	132.803		\$ (451.858)	(451.858)	
	1,292,249	1,328,846	54,385	'			90,982	
ight	7,288,573	7,713,162	300			424,889	424,889	
nusiness-type activities	10,164,740	10,007,666	88,284	132,803		64,013	64,013	
y Government	\$ 22,444,776	\$ 11,087,173	\$ 1,184,511	\$ 2,012,986	(8,224,119)	64,013	(8,160,106)	
		General Revenues: Property taxes	• 4		9,203,486	,	9,203,486	
		Motor vehicle	Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	10	907,572	•	907,572	
		Intergovemmental	ıtal		1,307,157	•	1,307,157	
		Penalties and in	Penalties and interest on taxes		242,425	•	242,425	
		Gain (loss) on fixed assets	fixed assets		(588,334)	•	(588,334)	
		Unrestricted in	Unrestricted investment income		14,757	10,779	25,536	
		Transfers (net)			(382,962)	352,461	(30,501)	
		Total general revenues	sonnes		10,704,101	363,240	11,067,341	
		Change in ]	Change in Net Position		2,479,982	427,253	2,907,235	
		Net Position: Beginning of y	t <u>Position:</u> Beginning of year (as restated; see Note IV)	Vote IV)	7,683,041	16,609,733	24,292,774	
		End of year			\$ 10,163,023	\$ 17,036,986	\$ 27,200,009	

Total governmental activities

Culture and recreation Interest expense

Business-Type activities:

Sewer Water Electric Light

Primary government:
Governmental activities:
General government
Public safety
Education
Public works
Health and human services

Total business-type activities

Total Primary Government

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	ommunity eservation		Community Development		School ital Projects	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:					_				4 01 1 000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,018,574	\$ 978,531	\$	-	\$	70,736	\$ 1,943,531	\$	4,011,372
Investments	-	-		-		-	318,277		318,277
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:									
Property taxes	547,880	14,336		-		-	-		562,216
Departmental and other	850,421	-		-		-	329,469		1,179,890
Intergovernmental	-	•		88,378		-	263,196		351,574
Due from other funds	 168,573	-	_	-		<u> </u>	 41,554		210,127
Total Assets	 2,585,448	 992,867		88,378		70,736	 2,896,027		6,633,456
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 -	 		-			 •		-
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,585,448	 992,867	\$	88,378	\$	70,736	\$ 2,896,027	\$	6,633,456
Liabilities:									
Warrants and accounts payable	\$ 248,185	\$ 69	\$	46,824	\$	110,255	\$ 41,431	\$	446,764
Due to other funds	· -	-		41,554		-	-		41,554
Other liabilities	29,468						_		29,468
Total Liabilities	 277,653	 69		88,378		110,255	41,431		517,786
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	463,041	14,336		-		-	-		477,377
Unavailable revenue - other	850,421	-		-		-	329,469		1,179,890
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,313,462	14,336	_				 329,469		1,657,267
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable	-			-		-	323,328		323,328
Restricted	175,000	978,462		-		-	2,310,863		3,464,325
Committed	109,731	-		-		-	-		109,731
Assigned	14,845	-		-		-	-		14,845
Unassigned:									
Deficits - 2013	(310,000)	•		-		-	-		(310,000)
Deficits - 2014	(205,765)	-		-		-	-		(205,765)
Deficits - 2015	(320,319)	-		-		-	•		(320,319)
Undesignated	 1,530,841	 -		-		(39,519)	 (109,064)		1,382,258
Total Fund Balances	 994,333	 978,462		-		(39,519)	 2,525,127		4,458,403
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,									
and Fund Balances	\$ 2,585,448	\$ 992,867	\$	88,378	\$	70,736	\$ 2,896,027		6,633,456

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TOTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 4,458,403
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	12,281,719
Other long-term assets are unavailable to pay current-period expenditures	1,657,267
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources to be recognized in future pension expense are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments  Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not	4,032
reported in the government funds:  Bonds and notes payable	(999,106)
Landfill closure Capital lease obligations	(302,000) (198,306)
Net pension liability	(6,704,986)
Compensated absences	 (34,000)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 10,163,023

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	Community Preservation	Community Development	School Capital Projects	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	\$ 9,360,770	\$ 126,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,487,170
Property taxes	\$ 9,360,770 1,376,682	\$ 126,400 96,466	201,513	175,644	1,675,654	3,525,959
Intergovernmental  Motor vehicle and other excises	908,216	90,400	201,515	175,044	1,075,054	908,216
	189,152	-	-	-		189,152
Licenses and permits	242,425	-	-	-	-	242,425
Penalties and interest on taxes Fines and forfeitures	-	•	-	-	•	50,953
	50,953	2 0 5 1	-	-	2,668	14,757
Investment income	9,238	2,851	-	-	490,368	873,981
Departmental and other revenue	383,613	1 700	-	-	751,643	753,435
Contributions and donations	- 10.501.040	1,792	201 512	175 (44		
Total Revenues	12,521,049	227,509	201,513	175,644	2,920,333	16,046,048
Expenditures:						
Current:			201 612		10.650	1 500 110
General government	1,122,763	244,177	201,513	-	19,659	1,588,112
Public safety	1,378,620	-	-		581,752	1,960,372
Education	6,147,829	-	-	139,482	-	6,287,311
Public works	922,439	-	-	-	1,156,485	2,078,924
Health and human services	235,808		-	-	140,440	376,248
Culture and recreation	165,273	38,750	-	-	344,526	548,549
Pension and fringe benefits	1,064,810	-	-	-	-	1,064,810
State and county assessments	53,261	-	-	-	-	53,261
Debt service:						
Principal	188,619	-	-	-	-	188,619
Interest	24,270		-			24,270
Total Expenditures	11,303,692	282,927	201,513	139,482	2,242,862	14,170,476
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,217,357	(55,418)		36,162	677,471	1,875,572
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from capital leases	-	-	•	-	185,539	185,539
Transfers in	90,421	-	•	157,000	-	247,421
Transfers out	(571,514)				(58,869)	(630,383)
Total Other Financing Sources	(481,093)			157,000	126,670	(197,423)
Net Change in Fund Balances	736,264	(55,418)	-	193,162	804,141	1,678,149
Fund balances - Beginning of year	258,069	1,033,880		(232,681)	1,720,986	2,780,254
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 994,333	\$ 978,462	s -	\$ (39,519)	\$ 2,525,127	\$ 4,458,403

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 1,678,149
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The net amounts are reflects here as reconciling items:  Capital outlays  Gain (loss) on fixed assets  Depreciation expense	2,163,821 (588,334) (391,007)
Net effect of reporting capital assets	1,184,480
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the Statement of Activities. The net amounts are reflected here as reconciling items:  Repayments of debt obligations	188,619
Net effect of reporting long-term debt	188,619
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are unavailable in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund balances. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various types of accounts receivable differ between the two statements. The amount presented represents the following differences derived from unavailable revenue.	(314,734)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Capital lease obligations  Net pension liability  Landfill closure	(122,950) (154,582) 21,000
Net effect of reporting long-term liabilities	(256,532)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,479,982

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

Sewer			Business-Tr	ype Activities	
Name			Dusiness-1		
Sever   Water   2014				•	
Assets		Sewer	Water	•	Total
Card and cash equivalents	Assets				
Working capital deposit					
Working capital deposit	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,078,641	\$ 135,105	\$ 1,380,169	\$ 3,593,915
Construction in-process	•	-			
Proportioned assessments	T 1 1	395,804	208,001		1,359,402
Prepaid expenses   52,248		255,193	•		255,193
Persid expenses			-	-	52,248
Materials and supplies         -         38,935         136,999         175,934           Total current assets         2,781,886         388,371         3,088,901         6,259,158           Noncurrent assets         -         -         284,729         -         284,729           Other assets         -         -         18,91,78         189,178         189,178           Construction in-process         90,100         -         74,119         164,219           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         7,815,428         6,279,895         11,210,200         24,833,994           Total Assets         10,597,314         6,668,266         15,270,414         32,535,994           Deferred Outflows of Resources           Pensions         495         546         -         1,041           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources           495         546         -         1,041           Current liabilities:           Current liabilities:         31,269         3,4879         \$905,558         \$971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         5         3,386         33,186         33,186           Accured liaberines         8,627         30,303         5,126	5	-	6,330	160,648	
Noncurrent assets	• •	_	•	136,999	
Noncurrent assets:	**	2.781.886			
Intergovernmental receivables	Total current desces				
Other assets         -         815,616         815,616         815,016         Land         -         189,178         28,233,68         20,226,28         20,226,28         20,226,28         20,226,28         20,227,28         20,227,28         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,24         20,227,2		264 720			284 720
Land	5	284,729	•	015 (16	•
Construction in-process         99,100         74,119         164,219           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets         7,440,599         6,279,895         11,102,600         24,823,094           Total noncurrent assets         10,597,314         6,668,266         15,270,414         32,535,994           Deferred Outflows of Resources           Pensions         495         546         -         1,041           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         495         546         -         1,041           Liabilities:           Warrants and accounts payable         \$ 31,269         \$ 34,879         \$ 905,558         \$ 971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         8,0627         30,303         5,126         116,958           Acerned interest         80,627         30,303         5,126         116,958           Ober to finds         120,838         -         -         120,838           Other liabilities         2         236,993         109,438         346,431           Compensated absences         3         236,860         313,297         311,625         1,118,548           Total current liabilities         3,936,480         2,835,538         2,127,		-	-	•	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         7,440,599         6,279,895         11,102,600         24,823,094           Total noncurrent assets         7,815,428         6,279,895         11,101,513         26,276,835           Total Assets         10,597,314         6,668,266         15,270,414         32,535,994           Deferred Outflows of Resources         495         546         15,270,414         32,535,994           Liabilities         Current liabilities:           Warrants and accounts payable         \$ 31,269         \$ 34,879         \$ 905,558         \$ 971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         \$ 31,269         \$ 34,879         \$ 905,558         \$ 971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         \$ 31,269         \$ 34,879         \$ 905,558         \$ 971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         \$ 236,993         \$ 10,266         \$ 116,056         \$ 116,056           Other liabilities         \$ 236,993         \$ 109,438         \$ 31,86         \$ 34,879         \$ 905,558         \$ 971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         \$ 236,993         \$ 109,438         \$ 34,618         \$ 12,20,993         \$ 116,056           Other Liabilities         \$ 20,203,88         \$ 22,20,993         \$ 109,438         \$ 34,611		-	-	•	
Total noncurrent assets		•		-	
Total Assets         10,597,314         6,668,266         15,270,414         32,535,994           Deferred Outflows of Resources         495         546         —         1,041           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         495         546         —         1,041           Liabilities         Current liabilities:           Warants and accounts payable         \$31,269         \$34,879         \$905,558         \$971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         5         6,668,267         30,303         5,126         116,056           Oute outer funds         120,838         —         120,838           Other liabilities         2         236,993         109,438         346,431           Compensated absences         493,626         313,297         311,625         1,118,548           Total current liabilities         726,360         630,843         1,387,532         2,744,735           Noncurrent liabilities         3,936,480         2,835,588         2,127,750         8,899,818           Net pension liability         823,110         907,704         -         1,730,814           Other postemployment benefits         2         278,175         36,243         11,270,050           Total Liabiliti	•				
Deferred Outflows of Resources         495         546         -         1,041           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         495         546         -         1,041           Liabilities           Current liabilities:           Warants and accounts payable         \$31,269         \$34,879         \$905,558         \$971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         -         -         33,186         33,186         33,186         Accrued interest         80,627         30,303         5,126         116,056         Due to other funds         120,838         -         -         120,838         Other liabilities         120,838         -         -         120,838         346,431         24,699         37,970         Bonds and notes payable         493,626         313,297         311,625         1,118,548         70 tal current liabilities         726,360         630,843         1,387,532         2,744,735         2,444,735         70 tal current liabilities         3,936,480         2,835,588         2,127,750         8,899,818         Net persion liability         823,110         907,704         -         1,730,814         2,48,933         11,270,050         1,730,814         2,48,933         11,270,050         1,48,936         1,48,936         1,48,93	Total noncurrent assets	7,815,428	6,279,895	12,181,513	26,276,836
Pensions	Total Assets	10,597,314	6,668,266	15,270,414	32,535,994
Current liabilities	Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current liabilities	Pensions	495	546	-	1,041
Current liabilities:         Sal 269         \$ 34,879         \$ 905,558         \$ 971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         -         -         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         16,056         116,056         116,056         116,056         116,056         116,056         116,056         120,838         -         -         120,838         346,431         120,838         346,431         346,431         346,431         346,431         346,431         346,431         37970	<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	495	546		1,041
Current liabilities:         Sal 269         \$ 34,879         \$ 905,558         \$ 971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         -         -         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         33,186         16,056         116,056         116,056         116,056         116,056         116,056         116,056         120,838         -         -         120,838         346,431         120,838         346,431         346,431         346,431         346,431         346,431         346,431         37970	T 1 1 992				
Warrants and accounts payable         \$ 31,269         \$ 34,879         \$ 905,558         \$ 971,706           Customer and advanced deposits         -         -         33,186         33,186           Accrued interest         80,627         30,303         5,126         116,056           Due to other funds         120,838         -         -         120,838           Other liabilities         -         236,993         109,438         346,431           Compensated absences         -         15,371         22,599         37,970           Bonds and notes payable         493,626         313,297         311,625         1,118,548           Total current liabilities         726,360         630,843         1,387,532         2,744,735           Noncurrent liabilities         3,936,480         2,835,588         2,127,750         8,899,818           Net pension liability         823,110         907,704         -         1,730,814           Other postemployment benefits         -         278,175         361,243         639,418           Total noncurrent liabilities         -         278,175         3,876,525         14,014,785           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Contribution in aid of construction         -					
Customer and advanced deposits         -         -         33,186         33,186           Accrued interest         80,627         30,303         5,126         116,036           Due to other funds         120,838         -         -         120,838           Other liabilities         -         236,993         109,438         346,431           Compensated absences         -         15,371         22,599         37,970           Bonds and notes payable         493,626         313,297         311,625         1,118,548           Total current liabilities         726,360         630,843         1,387,532         2,744,735           Noncurrent liabilities         3,936,480         2,835,588         2,127,750         8,899,818           Net pension liability         823,110         907,704         -         1,730,814           Other postemployment benefits         -         278,175         361,243         639,418           Total noncurrent liabilities         4,759,590         4,021,467         2,488,993         11,270,050           Total Liabilities         5,485,950         4,652,310         3,876,525         14,014,785           Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         919,053         91		0 21260	e 24.070	Φ 005.550	e 071 70 <i>6</i>
Accrued interest         80,627         30,303         5,126         116,056           Due to other funds         120,838         -         -         120,838           Other liabilities         -         236,993         109,438         346,431           Compensated absences         -         15,371         22,599         37,970           Bonds and notes payable         493,626         313,297         311,625         1,118,548           Total current liabilities         726,360         630,843         1,387,532         2,744,735           Noncurrent liabilities         8         2,835,588         2,127,750         8,899,818           Net pension liability         823,110         907,704         -         1,730,814           Other postemployment benefits         -         278,175         361,243         639,418           Total noncurrent liabilities         4,759,590         4,021,467         2,488,993         11,270,050           Total Liabilities         5,485,950         4,652,310         3,876,525         14,014,785           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Contribution in aid of construction         -         -         -         566,211         566,211           Total Deferred Inflows of Re		\$ 31,209	\$ 34,879	,	
Due to other funds         120,838         -         -         120,838           Other liabilities         -         236,993         109,438         346,431           Compensated absences         -         15,371         22,599         37,970           Bonds and notes payable         493,626         313,297         311,625         1,118,548           Total current liabilities         726,360         630,843         1,387,532         2,744,735           Noncurrent liabilities         8,899,818         8         2,127,750         8,899,818           Net pension liability         823,110         907,704         -         1,730,814           Other postemployment benefits         -         278,175         361,243         639,418           Total noncurrent liabilities         4,759,590         4,021,467         2,488,993         11,270,050           Total Liabilities         5,485,950         4,652,310         3,876,525         14,014,785           Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         919,053         919,053           Rate stabilization reserve         -         -         566,211         566,211           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         1,485,264         1,485,264 <td><u>-</u></td> <td>90.627</td> <td>20.202</td> <td>-</td> <td>•</td>	<u>-</u>	90.627	20.202	-	•
Other liabilities         -         236,993         109,438         346,431           Compensated absences         -         15,371         22,599         37,970           Bonds and notes payable         493,626         313,297         311,625         1,118,548           Total current liabilities         726,360         630,843         1,387,532         2,744,735           Noncurrent liabilities:         8         8         2,127,750         8,899,818           Net pension liability         823,110         907,704         -         1,730,814           Other postemployment benefits         -         278,175         361,243         639,418           Total noncurrent liabilities         4,759,590         4,021,467         2,488,993         11,270,050           Total Liabilities         5,485,950         4,652,310         3,876,525         14,014,785           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Contribution in aid of construction         -         -         919,053         919,053           Rate stabilization reserve         -         -         566,211         566,211           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         1,485,264         1,485,264           Net Position         -		,	30,303	3,120	
Compensated absences		120,838	226.002	100.420	
Bonds and notes payable		•		•	
Noncurrent liabilities   726,360   630,843   1,387,532   2,744,735		402.626			
Noncurrent liabilities:   Bonds and notes payable   3,936,480   2,835,588   2,127,750   8,899,818     Net pension liability   823,110   907,704   - 1,730,814     Other postemployment benefits   - 278,175   361,243   639,418     Total noncurrent liabilities   4,759,590   4,021,467   2,488,993   11,270,050     Total Liabilities   5,485,950   4,652,310   3,876,525   14,014,785     Deferred Inflows of Resources   - 919,053   919,053     Rate stabilization reserve   566,211   566,211     Total Deferred Inflows of Resources   -   1,485,264   1,485,264     Net investment in capital assets   3,437,570   3,131,010   8,926,522   15,495,102     Restricted for debt service   255,193   -   255,193     Restricted for depreciation   - 14,098   669,015   683,113     Unrestricted   1,419,096   (1,128,606)   313,088   603,578	• •				
Bonds and notes payable   3,936,480   2,835,588   2,127,750   8,899,818     Net pension liability   823,110   907,704   - 1,730,814     Other postemployment benefits   - 278,175   361,243   639,418     Total noncurrent liabilities   4,759,590   4,021,467   2,488,993   11,270,050     Total Liabilities   5,485,950   4,652,310   3,876,525   14,014,785     Deferred Inflows of Resources   919,053   919,053     Rate stabilization reserve   566,211   566,211     Total Deferred Inflows of Resources   1,485,264   1,485,264     Net investment in capital assets   3,437,570   3,131,010   8,926,522   15,495,102     Restricted for debt service   255,193   255,193     Restricted for depreciation   - 14,098   669,015   683,113     Unrestricted   1,419,096   (1,128,606)   313,088   603,578	Total current habilities	/26,360	630,843	1,387,332	2,744,733
Net pension liability         823,110         907,704         -         1,730,814           Other postemployment benefits         -         278,175         361,243         639,418           Total noncurrent liabilities         4,759,590         4,021,467         2,488,993         11,270,050           Total Liabilities         5,485,950         4,652,310         3,876,525         14,014,785           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Contribution in aid of construction         -         -         919,053         919,053           Rate stabilization reserve         -         -         566,211         566,211           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         1,485,264         1,485,264           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         3,437,570         3,131,010         8,926,522         15,495,102           Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578	Noncurrent liabilities:				
Other postemployment benefits         -         278,175         361,243         639,418           Total noncurrent liabilities         4,759,590         4,021,467         2,488,993         11,270,050           Total Liabilities         5,485,950         4,652,310         3,876,525         14,014,785           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Contribution in aid of construction         -         -         919,053         919,053           Rate stabilization reserve         -         -         566,211         566,211           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         1,485,264         1,485,264           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         3,437,570         3,131,010         8,926,522         15,495,102           Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578	- ·			2,127,750	
Total noncurrent liabilities         4,759,590         4,021,467         2,488,993         11,270,050           Total Liabilities         5,485,950         4,652,310         3,876,525         14,014,785           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Contribution in aid of construction         -         -         919,053         919,053           Rate stabilization reserve         -         -         566,211         566,211           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         1,485,264         1,485,264           Net Position         -         -         1,485,264         1,485,264           Net investment in capital assets         3,437,570         3,131,010         8,926,522         15,495,102           Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578		823,110	•		
Total Liabilities         5,485,950         4,652,310         3,876,525         14,014,785           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Contribution in aid of construction         -         -         919,053         919,053           Rate stabilization reserve         -         -         566,211         566,211           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         1,485,264         1,485,264           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         3,437,570         3,131,010         8,926,522         15,495,102           Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578	* * *		<del></del>		
Deferred Inflows of Resources   Contribution in aid of construction   -   -   919,053   919,053   Rate stabilization reserve   -   -   566,211   566,211   Total Deferred Inflows of Resources   -   -   1,485,264   1,485,264	Total noncurrent liabilities	4,759,590	4,021,467	2,488,993	11,270,050
Contribution in aid of construction         -         -         919,053         919,053           Rate stabilization reserve         -         -         566,211         566,211           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         1,485,264         1,485,264           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         3,437,570         3,131,010         8,926,522         15,495,102           Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578	Total Liabilities	5,485,950	4,652,310	3,876,525	14,014,785
Rate stabilization reserve         -         -         566,211         566,211           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         1,485,264         1,485,264           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         3,437,570         3,131,010         8,926,522         15,495,102           Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         1,485,264         1,485,264           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         3,437,570         3,131,010         8,926,522         15,495,102           Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578	Contribution in aid of construction	-	-	919,053	919,053
Net Position         3,437,570         3,131,010         8,926,522         15,495,102           Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578	Rate stabilization reserve	-	-	566,211	566,211
Net investment in capital assets         3,437,570         3,131,010         8,926,522         15,495,102           Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			1,485,264	1,485,264
Net investment in capital assets         3,437,570         3,131,010         8,926,522         15,495,102           Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578	Net Position				
Restricted for debt service         255,193         -         -         255,193           Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578		3.437.570	3,131.010	8,926,522	15,495,102
Restricted for depreciation         -         14,098         669,015         683,113           Unrestricted         1,419,096         (1,128,606)         313,088         603,578			, · <b></b>	, <b>,</b>	
Unrestricted 1,419,096 (1,128,606) 313,088 603,578			14,098	669,015	
Total Net Position         \$ 5,111,859         \$ 2,016,502         \$ 9,908,625         \$ 17,036,986		1,419,096	•	•	
	Total Net Position	\$ 5,111,859	\$ 2,016,502	\$ 9,908,625	\$ 17,036,986

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities							
			Electric Light December 31,					
	Sewer	Water	2014	Total				
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 882,089	\$ 1,328,846	\$ 7,713,162	\$ 9,924,097				
Other	33,599	41,608	83,569	158,776				
Total Operating Revenues	915,688	1,370,454	7,796,731	10,082,873				
Operating Expenses								
Operations	917,640	666,406	6,707,391	8,291,437				
Maintenance	-	295,678	•	295,678				
Depreciation	450,257	200,672	504,793	1,155,722				
Total Operating Expenses	1,367,897	1,162,756	7,212,184	9,742,837				
Total Operating Income (Loss)	(452,209)	207,698	584,547	340,036				
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Investment income	-	367	10,412	10,779				
Interest expense	(216,021)	(129,493)	(76,389)	(421,903)				
Other	•	12,777	300	13,077				
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(216,021)	(116,349)	(65,677)	(398,047)				
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions								
and Transfers	(668,230)	91,349	518,870	(58,011)				
Capital Contributions:								
Intergovernmental	109,088	-	-	109,088				
Other	23,715			23,715				
Total Capital Contributions	132,803	_		132,803				
Transfers:								
Transfers in	414,514	-	-	414,514				
Transfers out	-	-	(62,053)	(62,053)				
Transfers, net	414,514		(62,053)	352,461				
Change in Net Position	(120,913)	91,349	456,817	427,253				
Beginning of year (as restated; see Note IV)	5,232,772	1,925,153	9,451,808	16,609,733				
End of Year	\$ 5,111,859	\$ 2,016,502	\$ 9,908,625	\$ 17,036,986				

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities							
						ectric Light		
		Sewer		Water	De	2014		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		Sewer		water		2014	_	Total
Receipts from users	\$	900,879	\$	1,387,947	\$	8,142,670	\$	10,431,496
Receipts from other operating revenues	Ф	33,599	Φ	1,587,547	J.	113,408	•	159,784
*		(919,898)		(836,814)		(7,471,491)		(9,228,203)
Payments to employees and vendors  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		14,580		563,910		784,587		1,363,077
Net Cash Frovided by Operating Activities		14,580		303,710		704,507		1,505,011
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities								
Apportioned assessments		157,353		-		-		157,353
Intergovernemental		160,461		-		-		160,461
Advances from other funds		120,838		-		-		120,838
Transfers in		414,514		-		-		414,514
Transfers out		-		-		(62,053)		(62,053)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities		853,166				(62,053)		791,113
Cook Flows from Conital and Dalated Fire size Astinities								
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(139,600)		(33,153)		(412,796)		(585,549)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		,		(313,297)		(311,625)		(1,101,977)
Principal payments on bonds and notes		(477,055)						
Interest payments on bonds and notes		(840,949)		(129,493)		(76,843)		(430,630)
Net Cash (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(840,949)	_	(475,943)		(801,204)		(2,118,130)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities								
Investment income		-		367		10,412		10,779
Other		<u> </u>				208,919		208,919
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		•		367		219,331		219,698
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		26,797		88,334		140,601		255,732
Cash and Cash Equivalents								
Beginning of the year		2,051,844		46,771		1,239,568		3,338,183
End of the year		2,078,641	\$	135,105	\$	1,380,169	\$	3,593,915
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:								
Operating Income	\$	(452,209)	\$	207,698	\$	584,547	\$	340,036
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net								
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		450,257		200,672		504,793		1,155,722
Other non-operating income		-		12,777		83,145		95,922
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Receivables		18,790		17,493		(43,404)		(7,121)
Prepaid expenses and materials		-		13,187		(61,388)		(48,201)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities		(2,258)		112,083		(283,106)		(173,281)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	14,580	_\$	563,910	_\$	784,587	\$	1,363,077

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	OPEB Trust Electric Light (at December 31, 2014)			ate Purpose ust Funds	Agency Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,279	\$	137,567	\$	179,769
Total Assets		34,279		137,567	w	179,769
Liabilities						
Warrants and accounts payable		-		-		2,223
Planning board deposits		-		-		120,083
Agency liabilities		-				57,463
Total Liabilities						179,769
Net Position						
Held in trust for other postemployment benefits		34,279		-		-
Held in trust for private purposes		-		137,567		
Total Net Position	\$	34,279	_\$	137,567	\$	_

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Elec	EB Trust tric Light nber 31, 2014)	Private Purpose Trust Funds		
Additions					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$	32,617	\$	-	
Other	<u></u>	-		490	
Total Contributions		32,617		490	
Investment income					
Interest and dividends		1,662		234_	
Total Additions		34,279		724	
<b>Deductions:</b>					
Public assistance:					
Scholarships				1,122	
<b>Total Deductions</b>				1,122	
Change in Net Position		34,279		(398)	
Net Position - beginning of year		<u>-</u>		137,965	
Net Position - end of year	\$	34,279	\$	137,567	

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Town of Templeton (the "Town") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to state and local governments. GAAP is prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the primary standard-setting body for state and local government entities. The following is a summary of the more significant policies and practices used by the Town:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Town, which was incorporated in 1762, is located in Worcester County, approximately sixty miles west of the City of Boston. The governing structure utilizes an open town meeting format with an elected five-member Board of Selectmen and an appointed Town Administrator, who performs and oversees the Town's daily executive and administrative duties. Selectmen serve staggered three-year terms.

The Town provides governmental services for the territory within its boundaries, including public safety, education through a regional school district, public works, health and human services, culture and recreation, general governmental services, sewer, water and electricity. The sewer, water and electricity services are funded through user charges and treated as business enterprises.

Component units, while separate entities, are in substance part of the governmental operations if the significance of their operations and/or financial relationship with the Town meet certain criteria. Pursuant to these criteria there are no component units required to be included in the financial statements.

The Town is a member community of the Narragansett Regional School District, which provides educational services to two communities. This joint venture assesses each community its share of operational and debt service costs based on student population and other factors. In fiscal year 2015, the Town's assessment was \$5,562,297. There is no equity interest reported in these financial statements. Complete audited financial statements can be obtained directly from the District's administrative office located at Superintendent and District Offices, 462 Baldwinville Road, Baldwinville, MA 01436.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Major Fund Criteria – Major funds must be reported if both of the following criteria are met:

- The total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of an individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding element for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2) The total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding element for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Additionally, any other governmental or enterprise fund that management believes is particularly significant to the basic financial statements may be reported as a major fund.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. For the most part, the effect of Interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. measurable and available). Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, certain compensated absences, claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with current expendable available resources.

The Town applies the susceptible to accrual criteria to intergovernmental revenues. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept, there are two types of revenues. In one, moneys must be expended for a specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the; therefore,

revenues are recognized as expenditures are incurred. In the other, moneys are virtually unrestricted and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues when cash is received, or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. State aid is accrued as revenue in the year that the funds are appropriated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the "Commonwealth").

The Town considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Investment income associated with the current fiscal period is susceptible to accrual and has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received and are recognized as revenue at that time.

The government reports the following major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Community Preservation Act Fund</u> – is used to account for funds received in accordance with the Massachusetts Community Preservation Act. Funds are used to acquire or develop open space and recreational facilities, preservation of historic resources and affordable housing.

<u>Community Development Block Grant</u> – program that provides communities with resources to address a wide range of unique community development needs.

<u>School Capital Projects Fund</u> – is used to account for funds received and spent related to the feasibility study and schematic design for the Templeton Elementary School.

<u>Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u> – consist of other special revenue, capital projects and permanent funds that are aggregated and presented in the nonmajor governmental funds column on the governmental funds financial statements. The following describes the general use of these fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - are used to account for financial resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the governmental programs.

The proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are user charges and fees, while operating expenses consist of

salaries, ordinary maintenance, assessments, indirect costs and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

<u>Sewer Enterprise Fund</u> – is used to account for the operation of the Town's sewer activities.

Water Enterprise Fund – is used to account for the operation of the Town's water activities.

<u>TMLD</u> – is used to account for the operation of the Town's electrical power distribution activities.

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and use the *accrual basis of accounting*. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity and cannot be used to support the governmental programs.

The Town reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund</u> – is used to account for funds accumulated by the Light Department to assist it in its future OPEB obligations.

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u> – is used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. This fund is used primarily for public assistance.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – is used to account for assets held in a purely custodial capacity. The Town's agency funds consist primarily of student activities, off-duty work details and escrow and other deposits.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Equity

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> – The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the Town and its component unit are reported at fair value.

<u>Receivables</u> – Real estate and personal property taxes are assessed on January 1 every year. Bills are sent quarterly and are due on August 1, November 1, February 1, and May 1, or thirty days subsequent to the mailing date. Interest accrues on delinquent taxes at the rate of 14% per annum. Property taxes levied are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

Real estate taxes, sewer, water and user fees are secured through a lien process within sixty days after the due date and are considered 100% collectible. Accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible balances for these receivables is not reported. All personal property tax, excise tax and other departmental receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible balances comprised of those outstanding amounts greater than five years old.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u> – In the case of the Town, inventories, which are not material to the basic financial statements, are considered to be expenditures at the time of purchase. With respect to the TMLD, materials and supplies are inventories of parts and accessories purchased for use in TMLD's operations. Materials and supplies inventory are stated at the lower of cost or market with cost being determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and may be recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Capital Assets</u> — Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, software and infrastructure (e.g. roads, sidewalks, water mains, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

All purchases and construction costs in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized at the date of acquisition or construction, respectively, with expected lives of greater than two years. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets (excluding land and construction-in-process) are depreciated by the Town and the TMLD on a straight-line-basis.

The estimated useful lives of capital assets being depreciated are as follows:

Land improvements	40 years
Buildings and improvements	20 years
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	5 years
Infrastructure	30 -75 years

<u>Interfund Balances</u> — Activity between funds that are representative of lending arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either *due to/from other funds* or *advances to/from other funds*. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as *internal balances*.

<u>Interfund Transfers</u> – During the course of its operations, resources are permanently reallocated between and within funds. These transactions are reported as transfers in and transfers out in the individual fund statements. Transfers between and within governmental and fiduciary funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of activities. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business—type activities are reported in the statement of activities as *transfers*, *net*.

<u>Investment Income</u> – Excluding the permanent funds, investment income derived from major and nonmajor governmental funds is legally assigned to the general fund unless otherwise directed by state law. Investment income of the proprietary funds is voluntarily assigned to the general fund.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Compensated absence liabilities related to both governmental and business-type activities are normally paid from the funds reporting payroll and related expenditures. Amounts related to these benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

<u>Long-term Obligations</u> – Long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond anticipation notes payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of long-term debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on a debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are exclusively reported as general government expenditures regardless of whether they are withheld from the actual proceeds.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> – In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has only one type of item that qualifies for reporting as a deferred outflow reported on the government-wide statement of net position that relates to outflows from changes in the net pension liability. These outflows will be recognized in pension expense in future years as more fully described in Note III, subsection A.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has only one type of item. This arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes, and other. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

<u>Net Position</u> – In the government-wide financial statements, net position reported as "invested in capital assets" includes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the principal balance of outstanding debt used to acquire capital assets. Unspent proceeds of capital related debt are not considered to be capital related debt.

Net position is reported as restricted when amounts are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific use. Net position has been *restricted for* the following:

*Nonexpendable permanent funds* represent the endowment portion of donor restricted trusts that support governmental programs.

Expendable permanent funds represent amounts held in a trust whereby expenditures are subject to various trust agreements.

Capital projects funds represent remaining balances from bond proceeds or other financing sources that are restricted by state law to specific capital purposes and borrowing terms.

Community preservation represents assets that are restricted by state law for the purposes of acquiring or developing open space and recreational facilities, historic resources and affordable housing associated with the Massachusetts Community Preservation Act.

Gifts and donations – represent assets that have restrictions placed on them from donors and other outside parties for specific governmental programs and uses.

Other purposes —represent assets that are restricted by donors and state laws for specific governmental programs and uses.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent in which the Town is required to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

Fund balance is reported in five components – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as described below:

*Non-spendable* represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e. inventory or prepaid) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of an endowment.

Restricted represents amounts that have constraints placed either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the Town to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the Town's highest level of decision making authority, which is the Town Meeting action, and can be modified or rescinded on through these actions.

Assigned represents amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

*Unassigned* represents amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a *negative* unassigned fund balance amount.

The following table reflects the Town's fund equity categorizations:

								onmajor		
			Co	Community School		Governmental				
	G	eneral	Pre	servation	Capi	tal Projects	Funds			Total
Nonspendable:										
Nonexpendable trust funds	\$		\$		\$		\$	323,328	\$	323,328
Restricted:	Ф	-	Φ	-	Φ	•	Ф	323,326	Ψ	323,320
								402.252		402 252
General government		-		-		-		403,353		403,353
Education		-		-		-		12,059		12,059
Public works		-		-		-		100,858		100,858
Health and human services		-		-		-		724,283		724,283
Culture and recreation		-		978,462		-		463,664		1,442,126
Public safety		-		-		-		606,646		606,646
Debt service		175,000		-		-				175,000
Committed:										
General government		82,084		-		-		-		82,084
Education		2,720		-		-		-		2,720
Culture and recreation		24,927		-		-		-		24,927
Assigned:										
General government		11,230		-		-		•		11,230
Public safety		3,615		-		-		-		3,615
Unassigned:										
Stabilization - general		105,621		-		-		-		105,621
Unrestricted		589,136		-		(39,519)		(109,064)		440,553
	\$	994,333	\$	978,462	\$_	(39,519)	\$	2,525,127	\$	4,458,403

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the Town's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed. The Town has not established financial policies with respect to maintaining minimum fund balance amounts.

<u>Stabilization Fund</u> – The Town maintains a general stabilization fund which may be used for any municipal purpose upon a two-thirds vote of Town Meeting. The balance of the fund totals \$105,621 at June 30, 2015 and is reported as unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – The Town's encumbrance policy regarding the general fund is to (1) classify encumbrances that arise from the issuance of purchase orders resulting from normal purchasing activity approved by the Town Controller as assigned, and (2) classify encumbrances that result from an action of the Town Council as committed. Encumbrances of funds already restricted, or committed are included within the classification of those fund balances and not reported separately. The Town reports \$14,845 of encumbrances from normal purchasing activity in the general fund as assigned and \$109,731 of encumbrances from Town Meeting votes in the General Fund as committed. There are no encumbrances reported in any other fund.

#### E. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations and Deficits

The Town carries cumulative deficits of \$836,084 in the General Fund, \$39,519 in the School Capital Project Major Fund and \$109,064 in the nonmajor funds. It is expected that these deficits will be funded through available revenues, grant funds or bond proceeds in future years.

#### F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

#### II. Detailed Notes to All Funds

#### A. Deposits and Investments

A cash and investment pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheet as *cash and cash equivalents*. The deposits and investments of trust funds are held separately from those of other funds.

State laws and regulations require the Town to invest funds only in pre-approved investment instruments which include but are not necessarily limited to bank deposits, money markets, certificates of deposit, U.S. obligations, repurchase agreements, and State Treasurer's investment pool. In addition, the statutes impose various limitations on the amount and length of investments and deposits. Repurchase agreements cannot be for a period of over ninety days, and the underlying security must be a United States obligation. During the fiscal year, the Town did not enter into any repurchase agreements.

#### Deposits and Investments of the Town

<u>Custodial Credit Risk: Deposits</u> - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk relative to cash holdings. At June 30, 2015, \$259,050 of the Town's bank deposits were not insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), the Depositors Insurance Fund ("DIF") or other forms of collateralization and was therefore exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk: Investments</u> – In the case of investments, this is the risk that in the event of the invested party not being able to provide required payments to investors, ceasing to exist, or filing of bankruptcy, the Town may not be able to recover the full amount of its principal investment and/or investment earnings. Of the Town's investments, \$318,277 in United States governmental obligations are exposed to custodial credit risk because the related securities are uninsured, unregistered and are held by the counterparty. The Town does not have a formal investment policy related to custodial credit risk.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The Town does not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The Town does not place a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The Town's investments in government obligations of federal agencies represented 100% of the Town's total investments at June 30, 2015, respectively. No other individual investment represented more than 5% of the Town's total investments.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The Town has not adopted a formal policy related to credit risk.

<u>Investment Maturities</u> – At June 30, 2015, the Town's investments were limited to U.S. government obligations in the amount of \$318,277 that all mature in 1-5 years and are rated AA+ by Standard and Poor's Investment Services.

#### B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the Town's individual major governmental funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Gross Amount		Allowance for Uncollectibles		Net Amount	
Receivables:						
Real estate and personal property taxes	\$	562,216	\$	-	\$	562,216
Tax liens		691,827		-		691,827
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes		158,594				158,594
Departmental and other		100,312		-		100,312
Title V loan receivables		229,157		-		229,157
Intergovernmental		351,574		-		351,574
Total	\$	2,093,680	\$	-	\$	2,093,680

Receivables as of year-end for the Town's proprietary funds (the TMLD's activity is for the year ended December 31, 2014) are as follows:

	Gross Amount		Allowance for Uncollectibles		Net Amount	
Receivables:			,			
Sewer user charges	\$	395,804	\$	-	\$	395,804
Sewer betterment fees		255,193		-		255,193
Water user charges		208,001		-		208,001
TMLD user charges		827,597		(72,000)		755,597
Intergovenmental		336,977		-		336,977
Total	\$	2,023,572	\$	(72,000)	\$	1,951,572

Governmental funds report unavailable revenues in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

The following table identifies the components of unavailable revenues in the governmental funds:

	General		Nonmajor		
	Fund		Funds		 Total
Receivable type:					
Real estate and personal property taxes	\$	463,041	\$	14,336	\$ 477,377
Tax liens		691,828		-	691,828
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes		158,594			158,594
Departmental and other		-		329,468	329,468
Total	\$	1,313,463	\$	343,804	\$ 1,657,267

<u>Massachusetts Clean Water Trust</u> – The Town has entered into numerous loan agreements with the Massachusetts Clean Water Trust (MCWT). It is expected that the Town will be subsidized by MCWT on a periodic basis for principal in the amount of \$336,977 and interest in the amount of \$533,631 until the maturity of these agreements. GAAP requires the recognition of gross debt relative to these agreements; therefore, a receivable totaling \$336,997 has been reported in the Sewer Enterprise Fund.

#### C. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 (the TMLD's activity is for the year ended December 31, 2014) is as follows:

		Transfers In								
				School						
	(	General	Capital							
Transfers Out		Fund	Projects			Sewer		Total		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	157,000	\$	414,514	\$	571,514	(1)	
Nonmajor funds		58,869		-		-		58,869	(2)	
Light Department		62,053		-		-		62,053	(3)	
Total	\$	120,922	\$	157,000	\$	414,514	\$	692,436	=	

- (1) Transfer to sewer enterprise fund and nonmajor governmental funds for debt service.
- (2) Transfer to general fund for Title V receipts
- (3) Transfer to general fund for in lieu of taxes payments from the Light Department

Transfers between the General Fund and the Light Department vary from the schedule above and financial statements due to the difference in reporting periods.

#### D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 (the TMLD's activity is for the year ended December 31, 2014) was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 935,838	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 935,838
Construction in process	1,618,723	494,975	(588,334)	1,525,364
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,554,561	494,975	(588,334)	2,461,202
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	3,103,343	226,714	-	3,330,057
Infrastructure	10,150,755	977,500	-	11,128,255
Machinery and equipment	2,531,040	464,632		2,995,672
Total capital assets being depreciated	15,785,138	1,668,846		17,453,984
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(2,791,929)	(21,034)	-	(2,812,963)
Infrastructure	(2,100,295)	(265,285)	-	(2,365,580)
Machinery and equipment	(2,350,236)	(104,688)		(2,454,924)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,242,460)	(391,007)	_	(7,633,467)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	8,542,678	1,277,839	_	9,820,517
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,097,239	\$ 1,772,814	\$ (588,334)	\$ 12,281,719
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 189,178	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 189,178
Construction in process	86,699	212,662	(135,142)	164,219
Total capital assets not being depreciated	275,877	212,662	(135,142)	353,397
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Electric plant	17,646,473	425,376	(37,210)	18,034,639
Buildings and improvements	19,651	-	-	19,651
Infrastructure	26,966,981	22,416	(3,516)	26,985,881
Machinery and equipment	1,218,235	60,237		1,278,472
Total capital assets being depreciated	45,851,340	508,029	(40,726)	46,318,643
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Electric plant	(6,022,305)	(408,692)	37,210	(6,932,039)
Buildings and improvements	(1,474)	(983)	-	(2,457)
Infrastructure	(12,955,479)	(603,630)	3,516	(13,555,593)
Machinery and equipment	(959,144)	(46,316)		(1,005,460)
Total accumulated depreciation	(19,938,402)	(1,059,621)	40,726	(21,495,549)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	25,912,938	(551,592)		24,823,094
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 26,188,815	\$ (338,930)	\$ (135,142)	\$ 25,176,491

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities: Sewer				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in process		\$ 90,100	\$ -	\$ 90,100
Total capital assets not being depreciated		90,100	-	90,100
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 19,651	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,651
Infrastructure	18,888,922	-	-	18,888,922
Machinery and equipment	659,973	49,500	_	709,473
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,568,546	49,500	_	19,618,046
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,474)	(983)	-	(2,457)
Infrastructure	(11,137,708)	(443,135)	-	(11,580,843)
Machinery and equipment	(588,008)	(6,139)	***	(594,147)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,727,190)	(450,257)	_	(12,177,447)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	7,841,356	(400,757)		7,440,599
Total Sewer capital assets, net	\$ 7,841,356	\$ (310,657)	\$ -	\$ 7,530,699
Business-Type Activities: TMLD Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 189,178	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 189,178
Construction in-process	86,699	122,562	(135,142)	74,119
Total capital assets not being depreciated	275,877	122,562	(135,142)	263,297
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Production plant	4,023,430	-	-	4,023,430
Distribution plant	10,002,065	299,801	(37,210)	10,264,656
General plant	3,620,978	125,575	_	3,746,553
Total capital assets being depreciated	17,646,473	425,376	(37,210)	18,034,639
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Production plant	(417,550)	(120,702)	-	(538,252)
Distribution plant	(4,411,170)	(300,062)	37,210	(4,674,022)
General plant	(1,611,135)	(108,630)		(1,719,765)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,439,855)	(529,394)	37,210	(6,932,039)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,206,618	(104,018)		11,102,600
Total TMLD capital assets, net	\$ 11,482,495	\$ 18,544	\$ (135,142)	\$ 11,365,897

Business-type Activities: Water	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Infrastructure	\$ 8,078,059	\$ 22,416	\$ (3,516)	\$ 8,096,959	
Machinery and equipment	558,262	10,737	<u>-</u>	568,999	
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,636,321	33,153	(3,516)	8,665,958	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(1,817,771)	(160,495)	3,516	(1,974,750)	
Machinery and equipment	(371,136)	(40,177)		(411,313)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,188,907)	(200,672)	3,516	(2,386,063)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,447,414	(167,519)		6,279,895	
Total Water capital assets, net	\$ 6,447,414	\$ (167,519)	\$ -	\$ 6,279,895	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Business-Type Activities:	
General government	\$ 10,663	Sewer	\$ 450,257
Public safety	81,349	Water	200,672
Public works	298,264	TMLD	 529,394
Culture and recreation	731		\$ 1,180,323
	\$ 391,007		

### E. Purchased Power Working Capital

The TMLD is a member and participant of the Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company ("MMWEC"). The purchased power working capital is an amount held by MMWEC as an escrow. The purchased power working capital fund is replenished as needed from the TMLD's monthly invoice payments. The income earned from the purchased power working capital fund applicable to the TMLD's deposit is applied as a credit to MMWEC's power sales billings. The balance in the fund as of December 31, 2014 is \$1,221,699. The balance in the fund is offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$566,211 as of December 31, 2014.

### F. Temporary Debt

The Town is authorized to borrow on a temporary basis to fund the following:

<u>Current Operating Costs</u> – Prior to collection of revenues, expenditures may be financed through the issuance of revenue or tax anticipation notes.

<u>Capital Projects and Other Approved Costs</u> – Projects may be temporarily funded through the issuance of bond anticipation notes ("BANS") or grant anticipation notes. In certain cases, prior to the issuance of these temporary notes, the governing body must take the necessary legal steps to authorize the issuance of the general obligation bonds. Temporary notes may not exceed the aggregate amount of bonds authorized or the grant award amount. Temporary notes are general

obligations of the Town and carry maturity dates that are limited by state law. Interest expenditures and expenses for temporary borrowings are accounted for in the general fund and enterprise funds, respectively.

Temporary notes outstanding at June 30, 2015, are payable as follows:

Т	Interest	Maturity		eginning Balance	A d	lditions	D	etirements		ling	
Type	Rate	Date		Salatice		IUIUOIIS		th chichts	Balance		
BAN A	0.75%	Matured	\$	157,000	\$	-	\$	(157,000)	\$	-	
SAAN - A	0.40%	Matured		_		765,000		(765,000)		-	
SAAN - B	0.40%	Matured		_		765,000		(765,000)			
Total Govern	nmental Note	S		157,000	1,	,530,000		(1,687,000)			
Total Temporar	y Notes Paya	ıble	_\$_	157,000	\$ 1,	,530,000	\$	(1,687,000)	\$		

State Aid Anticipation Notes (SAAN) were issued for Chapter 90 Highway Grant expenditures.

### G. Long-term Obligations

The Town issues general obligation bonds and notes to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds and notes have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. Additionally, the Town incurs various other long-term obligations relative to associated personnel costs.

State law permits the Town, under the provisions of Chapter 44, Section 10, to authorize indebtedness up to a limit of 5.0 percent of its equalized valuation. Debt issued in accordance with this section of the law is designated as being "inside the debt limit."

The Town may authorize debt in excess of that limit for specific purposes; such as debt when issued is designated as being "outside the debt limit".

The governmental activities liabilities are liquidated by the general fund. The business-type liabilities are liquidated by the sewer, water and TMLD enterprise funds.

The following reflects the current year activity (the TMLD's activity is for the year ended December 31, 2014) in the long-term liability accounts:

			Beginning Balance	A	dditions	s Deductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:											
Bond and note indebtedness		\$	1,187,725	\$	-	9	(188,619)	\$	999,106	\$	188,619
Capital lease obligations			75,356		185,539		(62,589)		198,306		48,606
Compensated absences			34,000		9,800		(9,800)		34,000		-
Landfill closure			323,000		-		(21,000)		302,000		21,000
Net pension liability	*		6,546,339		603,897		(445,283)		6,704,953		
Total Governmental Activities		\$	8,166,420	\$	799,236	_	(727,291)	\$	8,238,365		258,225
Business-Type Activities - Sewer:											
Bond and note indebtedness		\$	4,907,161	\$	_	9	(477,055)	\$	4,430,106	\$	493,626
Net pension liability	*	•	803,638	·	74,136		(54,664)		823,110		
Total Sewer			5,710,799		74,136		(531,719)		5,253,216		493,626
Business-Type Activities - Water:											
Bond and note indebtedness			3,462,182		_		(313,297)		3,148,885		313,297
Compensated absences			12,456		1,050		1,865		15,371		15,371
Net pension liability	*		886,232		81,754		(60,282)		907,704		10,5.1
Other postemployment benefits			197,522		88,905		(8,252)		278,175		_
Total Water			4,558,392		171,709		(379,966)		4,350,135		328,668
Business-Type Activities - TMLD:							(011 (05)		2 420 277		211 (25
Bond and note indebtedness			2,751,000		-		(311,625)		2,439,375		311,625
Compensated absences			18,707		4,942		(1,050)		22,599		22,599
Other postemployment benefits			355,631		97,763		(92,151)		361,243		
Total TMLD			3,125,338		102,705		(404,826)		2,823,217		334,224
Total Business-Type Activities		_\$_	13,394,529	\$	348,550		(1,316,511)	\$	12,426,568	\$	1,156,518

<sup>\* =</sup> Prior year balance is a restatement associated with the implementation of GASB No. 68. The TMLD is not required to implement GASB No. 68 until the following fiscal year.

General obligation bonds and notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2015 (the TMLD's activity is for the year ended December 31, 2014) were as follows:

Description of Issue	Interest Rates	Beginning Balance	•	Additions		turities and eductions	Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities:									
General obligation bonds	2.15%	\$ 560,0	00 \$	-	\$	(140,000)	\$	420,000	
MWPAT notes payable	0 - 5,125%	627,7	25			(48,619)		579,106	
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 1,187,7	25 \$	-	\$	(188,619)	\$	999,106	
Business-Type Activities - Sewer:									
General obligation bonds	2.6 - 4.0%	\$ 270,0	00 \$	-	\$	(30,000)	\$	240,000	
Farmer's Home Admin Loan	5.00%	40,8	40	-		(13,660)		27,180	
MWPAT notes payable	0 - 5.75%	4,596,3	21			(433,395)		4,162,926	
Total Sewer Activites		4,907,1	61	-		(477,055)		4,430,106	
Business-Type Activities - Water:									
General obligation bonds	2.6 - 4.75 %	3,462,1	82			(313,297)		3,148,885	
Total Water Activities		3,462,1	82			(313,297)		3,148,885	
Business-Type Activities - TMLD									
General obligation bonds	2.6 - 4.0%	700,0	00	-		(80,000)		620,000	
Clean Renewable Energy Bond	2%	1,454,7	50	-		(132,250)		1,322,500	
Commercial Term Loan	5.50%	596,2	50			(99,375)		496,875	
Total TMLD Activities		2,751,0	00	-		(311,625)		2,439,375	
Total Business-Type Activities		\$ 11,120,3	43 \$	-	\$	(1,101,977)	\$	10,018,36	

Payments on outstanding general obligation bonds and notes payable due in future years consist of the following:

Year Ending	Principal						Interest						
June 30,	Balance		Subsidy	Ne	t of Subsidy	Balance		Subsidy		Net of Subsidy		Total	
				-	Governmen	ntal A	ctivities						
2016	\$ 188,619	\$	•	\$	188,619	\$	12,901	\$	(5,376)	\$	7,525	\$	196,144
2017	188,619		_		188,619		8,929		(4,414)		4,515		193,134
2018	188,619		-		188,619		4,973		(3,468)		1,505		190,124
2019	48,619		_		48,619		2,527		(2,527)		_		48,619
2020	38,476		-		38,476		1,851		(1,851)		-		38,476
2021-2025	184,154		-		184,154		3,291		(3,291)		-		184,154
2026-2030	131,250		_		131,250		-		-		-		131,250
2031-2033	30,750		-		30,750		-		-		-		30,750
Total	\$ 999,106	\$	_	\$	999,106	\$	34,472	\$	(20,927)	\$	13,545	\$	1,012,651
					<u>Busines</u>	s-Typ	e Activities	- Sev	ve <u>r</u>				
2016	\$ 493,626	\$	(52,248)	\$	441,378	\$	199,426	\$	(100,139)	\$	99,287	\$	540,665
2017	511,355		(53,152)		458,203		169,246		(90,439)		78,807		537,010
2018	511,682		(54,761)		456,921		143,142		(80,637)		62,505		519,426
2019	530,527		(56,886)		473,641		119,040		(71,068)		47,972		521,613
2020	549,285		(59,786)		489,499		92,582		(57,384)		35,198		524,697
2021-2025	1,833,631		(60,144)		1,773,487		176,374		(133,964)		42,410		1,815,897
	\$ 4,430,106	\$	(336,977)	\$	4,093,129	\$	899,810	\$	(533,631)	\$	366,179	\$	4,459,308
	 									-			

Year Ending		Pr	incipal						Int	erest		
June 30,	Balance	Sut	sidy	Net	of Subsidy	E	Balance	Sub	sidy	Net	of Subsidy	Total
					Busines	s-Typ	e Activities	- Water				
2016	\$ 313,297	\$	-	\$	313,297	\$	120,541	\$	-	\$	120,541	\$ 433,838
2017	313,297		-		313,297		109,153		-		109,153	422,450
2018	313,297		-		313,297		97,536		-		97,536	410,833
2019	313,297		-		313,297		85,845		-		85,845	399,142
2020	313,297		-		313,297		73,926		-		73,926	387,223
2021-2025	1,186,485		-		1,186,485		192,556		-		192,556	1,379,041
2026-2030	271,485		-		271,485		43,730		-		43,730	315,215
2031-2035	41,485		-		41,485		24,937		_		24,937	66,422
2036-2040	41,485		-		41,485		15,434		-		15,434	56,919
2041-2045	41,460		-		41,460		5,750		-		5,750	47,210
	\$ 3,148,885	\$		\$	3,148,885	\$	769,408	\$	-	\$	769,408	\$ 3,918,293
V E-di		n_:							Int	erest		
Year Ending	 D 1		ncipal	<b>NT</b> 4	CC 1 '1		. I	C-1			-60-4-14-	Total
Dec 30,	 Balance	Sub	sidy	Net	of Subsidy		Balance	Subs	siay	Net	of Subsidy	 Totai
							e Activities					
2015	\$ 311,625	\$	-	\$	311,625	\$	67,819	\$	-	\$	67,819	\$ 379,444
2016	311,625		-		311,625		58,550		-		58,550	370,175
2017	311,625		-		311,625		49,159		-		49,159	360,784
2018	311,625		-		311,625		39,670		-		39,670	351,295
2019	306,625		_		306,625		30,168		_		30,168	336,793

53,389

298,755

<u>MCWT Loan Subsidies</u> – As previously noted in Note I. B., the Town has entered into loan agreements with the MCWT. It is expected that the Town will be subsidized by MCWT on a periodic basis for principal in the amount of \$336,977 and interest in the amount of \$533,631 until the maturity of these agreements.

886,250

2,439,375

### H. Capital Leases

2020-2024

886,250

2,439,375

The Town is the lessee of certain equipment under operating leases expiring in various years through 2016. The future minimum lease payments on these capital lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2016	53,406
2017	53,406
2018	53,406
2019	49,830
Total minimum lease payments	210,048
Less amount representing interest	(11,742)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 198,306

939,639

2,738,130

53,389

298,755

Assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Asset Description	Amount				
One Ton Pickup	\$	48,119			
Fireman Defibrillator		71,551			
Ambulance		195,481			
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(62,831)			
	<u>\$</u>	252,320			

### III. Other Information

### A. Retirement Systems

<u>Pension Plan Description</u> – The Town contributes to the Worcester County Retirement System (the "Retirement System"), a multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for the Town and other governmental agencies within Worcester County. The Retirement System was established under Chapter 32 of MGL and is administered by the Worcester Regional Retirement Board (the "Retirement Board"). Stand-alone financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 were issued and are available by submitting a request to the Retirement System at 23 Midstate Drive, Suite 106, Auburn, Massachusetts 01501.

Current membership in the Retirement System for all ninety-five employers as of December 31, 2014 was as follows:

Active and inactive employees	8,550
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated	
employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	3,253
	11,803

Benefit Terms – Membership in the Retirement System is mandatory for all full-time employees and non-seasonal, part-time employees who, in general, regularly work more than twenty hours per week. Teachers and certain administrative personnel employed by the school department participate in a separate pension plan administered by the Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement System, which is the legal responsibility of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Members of the Retirement System do not participate in the federal Social Security retirement system.

Massachusetts contributory retirement system benefits are uniform from retirement system to system. The Retirement System provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a participant's highest three-year or five-year average annual rate of regular compensation, depending on the participant's date of hire. Benefit payments are based upon a participant's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation and job classification.

The most common benefits paid by the Retirement System include normal retirement, disability retirement and survivor benefits.

Normal retirement generally occurs at age 65. However, participants may retire after twenty years of service or at any time after attaining age 55, if hired prior to April 2, 2012 or at any time after attaining age 60 if hired on or after April 2, 2012. Participants with hire dates

subsequent to January 1, 1978 must have a minimum of ten years' creditable service in order to retire at age 55. Participants become vested after ten years of service. Benefits commencing before age 65 are provided at a reduced rate. Members working in certain occupations may retire with full benefits earlier than age 65.

Ordinary disability retirement is where a participant is permanently incapacitated from a cause unrelated to employment. Accidental disability retirement is where the disability is the result of an injury or illness received or aggravated in the performance of duty. The amount of benefits to be received in such cases is dependent upon several factors, including the age at which the disability retirement occurs, the years of service, average compensation and veteran status.

Survivor benefits are extended to eligible beneficiaries of participants whose death occurs prior to or following retirement.

Cost-of-living adjustments granted to members of Massachusetts retirement systems granted between 1981 and 1997 and any increases in other benefits imposed by the Commonwealth during those years have been the financial responsibility of the Commonwealth. Beginning in 1998, the funding of cost-of-living amounts became the responsibility of the participating units like the Retirement System.

The Retirement System may be amended or terminated in whole or in part at any time by the Massachusetts Legislature, provided that no such modification, amendment or termination shall be made that would deprive a current member of superannuation pension rights or benefits provided under applicable laws of Massachusetts, if such member has paid the stipulated contributions specified in sections or provisions of such laws. There were no significant changes to the Retirement System's benefit terms in 2014.

Contributions Requirements – The Retirement Board has elected provisions of Chapter 32, Section 22D (as amended) of Massachusetts General Laws, which require that a funding schedule be established to fully fund the pension plan by June 30, 2040. Under provisions of this law, participating employers are assessed their share of the total retirement cost based on the entry age, normal actuarial cost method.

The Town (including the TMLD) contributed \$682,149 to the Retirement System in fiscal year 2015, which equaled the actuarially-determined contribution requirement for the fiscal year. Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll was approximately 20.3% in fiscal year 2015.

Net Pension Liability — At June 30, 2015, the Town reported a liability of \$8,435,767 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. This amount excludes the net pension liability for the TMLD of \$1,835,842, which reports its financial position as of December 31, 2014 in these financial statements and was not required to implement GASB Statement No. 68 until its next fiscal year. The net pension liability was measured as of January 1, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. These figures were updated by the independent actuary to December 31, 2014. There were no material changes made in this update to the actuarial assumptions (see below) nor were there any material changes to the Retirement System's benefit terms since the actuarial valuation.

The Town's proportion of the net pension liability is based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the Retirement System relative to the projected contributions of all employers. The Town and TMLD's proportion was approximately 1.73% at December 31, 2014, which was consistent with the proportion measured at January 1, 2014.

<u>Fiduciary Net Position</u> – The elements of the Retirement System's basic financial statements (that is, all information about the Retirement System's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fiduciary net position) can be found in the Retirement System's full financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, which can be obtained by contacting the Retirement Board.

The Retirement System's fiduciary net position was determined using the accrual basis of accounting. The Retirement System's accounting records are maintained on a calendar-year basis in accordance with the standards and procedures established by the Massachusetts Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission, or PERAC. Contributions from employers and employees are recognized in the period in which they become due pursuant to formal commitments, statutory or contractual requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recorded when incurred, regardless of the timing of payment. Investments are reported at fair value; fair value is determined as the price one would receive in an orderly transaction between market participants at a measurement date.

<u>Pension Expense</u> – The Town recognized \$754,714 in pension expense in the statement of activities in fiscal year 2015.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> – At June 30, 2015, the Town (excluding the TMLD) reported deferred outflows of resources for the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments in the amount of \$5,073. There were no other deferred outflows or inflows reported during the fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources are expected to be recognized as a charge in the Town's pension expense as follows:

y ear ended June 30,	
2016	\$ 1,269
2017	1,268
2018	1,268
2019	1,268
Total	<u>\$ 5,073</u>

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<u>Actuarial Valuation</u> – The measurement of the Retirement System's total pension liability is developed by an independent actuary. The latest actuarial valuation was performed as of January 1, 2014. The significant actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation included:

Inflation:	Not explicitly assumed	I for the update to December 31,	
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2014 (3.5% per year for the actuarial valuation as of

January 1, 2014).

Salary increases: 3.0% per year, including longevity.

Investment rate of return: 8.0%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation.

Mortality rates: Based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected to

2014 with Scale AA.

Disabled life mortality: For disabled retirees, the mortality rates were based on

the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward two years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of returns (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return be weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the Retirement System's target allocation as of December 31, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return		
Global equity	43 %	8.23 %		
Fixed income	23 %	5.05 %		
Private equity	10 %	9.75 %		
Real estate	10 %	6.50 %		
Timber/natural resources	4 %	6.88 %		
Hedge funds	10 %	7.00 %		

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation report was 8.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions were made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially-determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Retirement System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity Analysis – The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (inclusive of TMLD) calculated using the discount rate of 8.0% as well as the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.0%) or one percentage point higher (9.0%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease (7.0%)	Discount (8.0%)	1% Increase (9.0%)	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 12,506,143	\$ 10,271,629	\$ 8,374,180	

### B. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The Town has accepted Chapter 32B of Massachusetts General Laws to provide for health care and life insurance benefits to retirees, their dependents, or their survivors. These benefits are provided through the Town's group plans. The cost of these benefits is included in the cost of benefits for both active and retired employees. The number of participants currently eligible to receive benefits, and cost of benefits for retirees, their dependents, or their survivors for the year ended June 30, 2015 was not available.

Management of the Town of Templeton has not adopted GASB No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), and accordingly has not reported the related liability and expense on the government-wide financial

statements nor has the required supplementary information, Schedule of Funding Progress, been included in these financial statements. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the OPEB liability be reported which would increase liabilities and expenses and decrease net position and change in the government-wide financial statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities and expense, and net position and revenues of the government-wide financial statements is not reasonably determinable.

### C. Risk Financing

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to general liability; torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. The amount of claim settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three years.

The TMLD participates in the Massachusetts Municipal Utility Self-Insurance Trust Fund (the "Trust") with seventeen other Massachusetts municipalities for the purpose of sharing excess liability and officers' liability risks. General liability coverage provides for \$500,000 per occurrence, with a \$50,000 deductible. Environmental insurance coverage provides for \$1,500,000 per occurrence, with a \$100,000 deductible. Each participating municipality contributes to the Trust based on its share of the group's total kilowatt-hour sales. Payments for claims over the deductible limit are funded by Trust assets or, if required, additional contributions from the participants. The TMLD does not present estimated claims incurred but nor reported as of December 31, 2014 as its pro rata share of these costs is no material to its financial statements.

### D. Commitments and Contingencies

<u>General</u> – During its day-to-day operations, the Town is party to certain legal claims, which are subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of individual litigation matters in these situations cannot be reasonably estimated. Although the amount of liability, if any, in these situations at June 30, 2015, cannot be determined, management believes that the resulting liability, if any, should not materially affect the basic financial statements of the Town at June 30, 2015.

<u>Grants</u> – Other amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Arbitrage</u> – The Town is subject to certain Federal arbitrage laws in accordance with long-term borrowing agreements. Failure to comply with the rules could result in the payment of penalties. The Town does not believe it has failed to comply with any of these agreements.

<u>MMWEC Participation</u> – The TMLD is a participant in certain projects of the Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company (MMWEC).

MMWEC is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, created as a means to develop a bulk power supply for its Members and other utilities. MMWEC is authorized to construct, own or purchase ownership interests in, and to issue revenue bonds to finance, electric facilities (Projects). MMWEC has acquired ownership interests in electric facilities operated by other entities and also owns and operates its own electric facilities.

MMWEC sells all of the capability (Project Capability) of each of its Projects to its Members and other utilities (Project Participants) under Power Sales Agreements (PSAs). Among other things, the PSAs require each Project Participant to pay its *pro rata* share of MMWEC's costs related to the Project, which costs include debt service on the revenue bonds issued by MMWEC to finance the Project, plus 10% of MMWEC's debt service to be paid into a Reserve and Contingency Fund. In addition, should a Project Participant fail to make any payment when due, other Project Participants of that Project may be required to increase (step-up) their payments and correspondingly their Participant's share of that Project's Project Capability to an additional amount not to exceed 25% of their original Participant's share of that Project's Project Capability. Project Participants have covenanted to fix, revise and collect rates at least sufficient to meet their obligations under the PSAs.

Templeton Municipal Light Plant has entered into PSAs and Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs) with MMWEC. Under both the PSAs and PPAs, the Light Plant is required to make certain payments to MMWEC payable solely from Light Plant revenues. Under the PSAs, each Participant is unconditionally obligated to make all payments due to MMWEC whether or not the Project(s) is completed or operating and notwithstanding the suspension or interruption of the output of the Project(s).

<u>Berkshire Wind Cooperative</u> – The TMLD is a member of the Berkshire Wind Cooperation Corporation (the "Cooperative").

The Cooperative is organized under Chapters 157 and 164: Section 47C of the State of Massachusetts Statutes and constitutes a municipal lighting plant cooperative. The Cooperative was formed by Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company (MMWEC) and 14 Municipal Light Departments (Members) for the purpose of financing, owning, constructing and operating wind generation facilities located on Brodie Mountain in the towns of Hancock and Lanesborough, Massachusetts (Berkshire Wind Facility).

The Cooperative has constructed and installed 10 1.5-megawatt wind turbines at the Berkshire Wind Facility. The Cooperative provides wind energy to MMWEC pursuant to the Berkshire Wind Power Purchase Agreement dated May 21, 2008 between MMWEC and the Cooperative. Under this agreement, MMWEC entered into a Power Sales Contract with the Cooperative pursuant to which MMWEC has agreed to purchase 100% of the capacity and energy output and, to the extent uncommitted to any third party under existing agreements, associated environmental energy attributes of a wind power generating facility to be owned, constructed and operated by the Cooperative at the Berkshire Wind Facility.

MMWEC sells all of the capability of the Berkshire Wind Facility (Capability) to the Members of the Cooperative (Members) under Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs). Among other things, the PPAs require each Cooperative Member to pay its *pro rata* share of the costs related to the Berkshire Wind Facility, which costs include debt service on the bonds issued by the Cooperative to finance the Berkshire Wind Facility, plus 10% of the debt service to be paid into a Reserve and Contingency Fund. In addition, should a Cooperative Member fail to make any payment when due, other Cooperative Members may be required to increase (step-up) their payments and correspondingly their share of the Capability to an additional amount.

The Cooperative has issued revenue bonds, which are payable solely from, and secured solely by, the revenues derived from the Berkshire Wind Facility. The revenues are used solely to provide for the payment of any bond issue relating to the Berkshire Wind Facility and to pay the Cooperative's cost of owning and operating the Berkshire Wind Facility.

The Templeton Municipal Light Plant has entered into a PPA with the Berkshire Wind Cooperative Corporation. Under the PPA, each Participant is unconditionally obligated to make all payments due to the Berkshire Wind Cooperative Corporation, whether or not the Berkshire Wind Facility is completed or operating, and notwithstanding the suspension or interruption of the output of the Berkshire Wind Facility. In addition, under the PPA, the Plant is required to pay to the Cooperative its share of the Operation and Maintenance (O&M) costs of the Berkshire Wind Facility.

As of December 31, 2014, total capital expenditures for the Berkshire Wind Facility amounted to \$58,990,077, of which \$3,235,000, presents the amount associated with the Plant's share of the Capability of the Berkshire Wind Facility of which it is Member, although such amount is not allocated to the Plant. The Cooperative's debt outstanding for the Berkshire Wind Facility includes bonds totaling \$57,860,000 of which \$3,173,000 is associated with the Plant's share of Capability of the Berkshire Wind Facility of which it is Member, although such amount is not allocated to the Plant. As of December 31, 2014, the Cooperative's total future debt service requirement on outstanding bonds issued for the Projects is \$86,387,000, of which \$4,737,000 is anticipated to be billed to the Plant in the future.

The estimated aggregate amount of the TMLD required payments under the PSA, exclusive of the Reserve and Contingency Fund billings, to the Cooperative at December 31, 2014 and estimated for future years is as follows:

For Years Ending December 31,	
2015	\$ 296,000
2016	296,000
2017	296,000
2018	296,000
2019	296,000
2020-2024	1,480,000
2025-2029	1,481,000
2030	 296,000
Total	\$ 4,737,000

### MMWEC Contingencies and Liabilities

Town of Templeton, acting through its Light Plant, is a Participant in certain Projects of the Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company (MMWEC).

MMWEC has issued separate issues of revenue bonds for each of its eight Projects, which are payable solely from, and secured solely by, the revenues derived from the Project to which the bonds relate, plus available funds pledged under MMWEC's Amended and Restated General Bond Resolution (GBR) with respect to the bonds of that Project. The MMWEC revenues derived from each Project are used solely to provide for the payment of the bonds of any bond issue relating to such Project and to pay MMWEC's cost of owning and operating such Project and are not used to provide for the payment of the bonds of any bond issue relating to any other Project.

MMWEC operates the Stony Brook Intermediate Project and the Stony Brook Peaking Project, both fossil-fueled power plants. MMWEC has a 3.7% interest in the W.F. Wyman Unit No. 4 plant, which is operated and owned by its majority owner, FPL Energy Wyman IV, LLC, a subsidiary of NextEra Energy Resources LLC, and a 4.8% ownership interest in the Millstone Unit 3 nuclear unit, operated by Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc. (DNCI), the majority owner and an indirect subsidiary of Dominion Resources, Inc. DNCI also owns and operates the Millstone Unit 2 nuclear unit. The operating license for the Millstone Unit 3 nuclear unit extends to November 25, 2045.

A substantial portion of MMWEC's plant investment and financing program is an 11.6% ownership interest in the Seabrook Station nuclear generating unit operated by NextEra Energy Seabrook, LLC (NextEra Seabrook) the majority owner and an indirect subsidiary of NextEra Energy Resources LLC. The operating license for Seabrook Station extends to March 15, 2030. NextEra Seabrook has submitted an application to extend the Seabrook Station operating license for an additional 20 years.

Pursuant to the PSAs, the MMWEC Seabrook and Millstone Project Participants are liable for their proportionate share of the costs associated with decommissioning the plants, which costs are being funded through monthly Project billings. Also, the Project Participants are liable for their proportionate share of the uninsured costs of a nuclear incident that might be imposed under the Price-Anderson Act (Act). Originally enacted in 1957, the Act has been renewed several times. In July 2005, as part of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, Congress extended the Act until the end of 2025.

MMWEC is involved in various legal actions. In the opinion of MMWEC management, the outcome of such actions will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the company. Total capital expenditures for MMWEC's Projects amounted to \$1,616,889,000, of which \$27,386,000 represents the amount associated with the Plant's share of Project Capability of the Projects in which it participates, although such amount is not allocated to the Plant.

MMWEC's debt outstanding for the Projects includes Power Supply Project Revenue Bonds totaling \$167,110,000, of which \$2,750,000 is associated with the Plant's share of Project Capability of the Projects in which it participates, although such amount is not allocated to the Plant. As of December 31, 2014, MMWEC's total future debt service requirement on outstanding bonds issued for the Projects is \$152,675,000, of which \$2,533,000 is anticipated to be billed to the Plant in the future.

The estimated aggregate amount of Templeton Municipal Light Plant's required payments under the PSAs and PPAs, exclusive of the Reserve and Contingency Fund billings, to MMWEC at December 31, 2014 and estimated for future years is shown below.

For Years Ending December 31,	
2015	\$ 995,000
2016	913,000
2017	447,000
2018	101,000
2019	77,000
Total	\$ 2,533,000

In addition, under the PSAs, the Plant is required to pay to MMWEC its share of the Operations and Maintenance (O&M) costs of the Projects in which it participates. The Plant's total O&M costs including debt service under the PSAs were \$2,720,000 for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### Other Power Supply

The Plant has entered into an All Requirements Bulk Power Sales Agreement with MMWEC, under which MMWEC provides, delivers and sells all electric power and energy to the Plant whether through owned, generation, purchased power contracts or other power supply arrangements. Under the terms of the All Requirements Agreement, the Plant is committed to purchase additional power through MMWEC in the amount of \$951,351 in 2015, \$321,252 in 2016, \$282,333 in 2017, \$155,928 in 2018, and \$91,323 in 2019.

#### E. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

The Town's landfill is closed and a final cover has been installed in accordance with Federal and State laws and regulations. Those laws and regulations also require the Town to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions ("post-closure care") at the site for 30 years after the landfill cover is installed. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the estimated remaining cost of monitoring; \$302,000 has been recorded as a governmental activities liability; actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

### IV. Prior Period Restatements

A prior period adjustment was made to decrease the Town's beginning net position to reflect the net Pension liability with the implementation of GASB 68.

A summary of the restatements is as follows:

	Governmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Sewer	Water
Prior year as presented	\$ 14,229,380	\$ 18,299,602	\$ 6,036,410	\$ 2,811,384
Record net pension liability	(6,546,339)	(1,689,869)	(803,638)	(886,231)
As restated	\$ 7,683,041	\$ 16,609,733	\$ 5,232,772	\$ 1,925,153

### TOWN OF TEMPLETON, MASSACHUSETTS

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Year Ended December 31 2014
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.726128%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$10,271,629
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,362,571
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	305.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	47.94%

### SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN

	Year Ended December 31,  2014		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 682,149		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	682,149		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -		
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,362,571		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	20.3%		

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years in which information is available.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

### TOWN OF TEMPLETON, MASSACHUSETTS

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Actual	Variance
	Original	Final	Budgetary		Budgetary	Positive
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	Encumbrances	Adjusted	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Real estate and personal property	\$ 8,757,997	\$ 9,062,152	\$ 9,569,198		\$ 9,569,198	\$ 507,046
Intergovernmental	1,424,357	1,424,357	1,424,777		1,424,777	420
Motor vehicle and other excises	942,000	942,000	908,216		908,216	(33,784)
Licenses and permits	96,000	96,000	189,152		189,152	93,152
Departmental and other revenue	128,000	128,000	383,613		383,613	255,613
Penalties and interest	93,000	93,000	242,425		242,425	149,425
Fines and forfeitures	9,000	9,000	50,953		50,953	41,953
Investment income	-	_	8,561		8,561	8,561
Other income	-	-				
Total Revenues	11,450,354	11,754,509	12,776,895		12,776,895	1,022,386
Expenditures:						
General government	1,185,185	1,272,226	1,176,178	93,314	1,269,492	2,734
Public safety	1,328,510	1,335,448	1,378,620	3,615	1,382,235	(46,787)
Education	6,150,555	6,150,549	6,147,829	2,720	6,150,549	(,)
Public works	814,434	811,355	922,439	2,720	922,439	(111,084)
Health and human services	230,724	236,461	235,808	_	235,808	653
Culture and recreation	200,724	189,905	165,273	24,927	190,200	(295)
Fringe and pension benefits	1,277,929	1,659,021	1,587,886	21,527	1,587,886	71,135
State and county tax assessments	53,261	53,261	53,261	_	53,261	71,100
Debt service	1,463,446	1,300,681	1,457,681	_	1,457,681	(157,000)
Total Expenditures	12,704,752	13,008,907	13,124,975	124,576	13,249,551	(240,644)
Total Expenditures	12,704,732	13,008,907	13,124,973	124,370	15,247,551	(240,044)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	1,155,907	1,155,907	1,366,734		1,366,734	(210,827)
Transfers out	(31,552)	(31,552)	(31,552)		(31,552)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,124,355	1,124,355	1,335,182	-	1,335,182	(210,827)
(DEFICIENCY) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER						
FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES/USE	(130.043)	(120.042)	007.102		962.526	1.052.202
OF PRIOR YEAR BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE	(130,043)	(130,043)	987,102		862,526	1,052,203
Other Budgetary Items:						
Prior year encumbrances	181,255	181,255				
Snow and ice deficits	(51,212)	(51,212)				
Total Other Budgetary Items	130,043	130,043				
Net Budget	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>				

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

See notes to the required supplementary information of this schedule.

### TOWN OF TEMPLETON, MASSACHUSETTS

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### I. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

<u>Budgetary Information</u> – An annual budget is legally adopted for the General Fund and each enterprise fund. Financial orders are initiated by the Town Administrator, recommended by the Town Finance Committee and approved by Town Meeting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level or in the categories of personnel and non-personnel expenses. Department heads may transfer, without Town Meeting approval, appropriation balances from one account to another within their department or budget, and within the categories of personnel and non-personnel. The Town Meeting however must approve any transfer of unencumbered appropriation balances between departments or agencies. At the close of each fiscal year, unencumbered appropriation balances lapse and revert to unassigned fund balance.

<u>Budgetary-to-GAAP Reconciliation</u> – The Town's general fund is prepared on a basis of accounting other than GAAP to conform to the Uniform Municipal Accounting System basis of accounting as prescribed by the Massachusetts Department of Revenue. A reconciliation of the budgetary-basis to GAAP-basis results for the General Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, is as follows:

	Basis of			
	Accounting	Fund Perspective		
	Differences	Differences	Total	
Revenues on a budgetary basis			\$ 12,776,895	
Stabilization revenue	\$ -	\$ 677	677	
Change in recording tax revenues	(208,428)	-	(208,428)	
Change in recording intergovernmental revenues	(48,095)		(48,095)	
Revenues on a GAAP basis	\$ (256,523)	\$ 677	\$ 12,521,049	
Expenditures on a budgetary basis			\$ 13,124,975	
Paydown of BANs	\$ (157,000)	\$ -	(157,000)	
Reclass of enterprise indirect costs to expenditures	(1,664,283)		(1,664,283)	
Expenditures on a GAAP basis	\$ (1,664,283)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 11,303,692	
Other financing sources (uses) on a budgetary basis			\$ 1,335,182	
Paydown of BANs	\$ (157,000)	\$ -	(157,000)	
Reclass of enterprise indirect costs to expenditures	(1,664,283)	-	(1,664,283)	
Stabilization transfer	<b>_</b>	5,008	5,008	
Other financing sources (uses) on a GAAP basis	\$ (1,821,283)	\$ 5,008	\$ (481,093)	

<u>Appropriation Deficits</u> – The Town incurred cumulative deficits of \$836,084 in the General Fund of which \$320,319 were incurred in the current year. It is expected that these deficits will be funded through available revenues in future years.



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# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Members of the Board of Selectmen Town of Templeton, Massachusetts

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Templeton, Massachusetts (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2017. We did not audit the financial statements of TMLD, or the Water Department; these are departments of the Town. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We identified several deficiencies that are categorized as material weaknesses. These are described in detail in an accompanying report dated March 23, 2017. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, other material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Town of Templeton, Massachusetts Page Two

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed several items that we have identified that have been categorized as instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. These are described in detail in an accompanying report dated March 23, 2017.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Roselli Clark & associated

Roselli, Clark & Associates Certified Public Accountants Woburn, Massachusetts March 23, 2017

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